



Overview

The **S62-MTM-IO-SERIAL** is a software controlled USB 2.0 hub designed for use in manufacturing and validation environments. Along with a USB hub with individually controlled data and power (VBUS) lines, the MTM-IO-Serial module features adjustable logic voltage levels, high current drivers for supplying custom circuitry, high-speed driverless serial UART ports. All features are controlled by Acroname's proven, extensible and well adopted BrainStem™ technology and software API.

Features

- 2 banks of 4 adjustable rail GPIO ports
- All GPIOs over voltage and overcorrect protected
- 1 fixed, high-current 5.0V output, current limited to 100mA
- 2 independent 1.8V-5.0V adjustable high-current outputs, current limited to 100mA
- 4 downstream USB 2.0 ports, software controlled Hi-Z disable
- 1 downstream USB 2.0 port type-A connector, always on for daisy chaining multiple modules
- 1 downstream USB 2.0 port on edge connector, always on for daisy chaining multiple modules
- 4 adjustable rail serial UART ports (2 per adjustable rail, software controlled Hi-Z disable)
- 1 BrainStem I²C FM+ (1 Mbit/s) bus

Description

As part of Acroname's MTM series, the MTM-IO-Serial module is a key component to manufacturing test for electronic devices using a USB 2.0 interface, serial UARTs and one or more interface voltages. During manufacturing of electronic devices with embedded microcontrollers, it is common to load firmware via serial UART interface at the microcontroller's supply voltage. While other parts of the product need to inter-

face at other voltages, e.g. to provide proper bootstrapping signal. After the proper firmware is loaded, further functional test and validation test maybe conducted via a USB interface. With the MTM-IO-Serial module's USB power and data lines are individually controlled via a high-level or embedded programming interface. This allows for full testing of a device's USB and stand-alone capabilities. With four controllable USB 2.0 high-speed with channels, the MTM-IO-Serial module can easily handle four device-under-test (DUT) simultaneously. Each USB bus channel can supply up to 500mA. With dedicated USB downstream and upstream channels, MTM-IO-Serial module can scale with simple daisy-chaining via cables or PCB traces; only one cable needed to connect up to 100 devices.

The MTM-IO-Serial module also provides four high-speed serial UART interfaces which require no specialized driver or kernel extensions. Serial UART data rate limits vary with the host operating system, but most systems support up to 230400bps. The serial UARTs are grouped into two groups of independent, software adjustable voltage rails which track associated digital input/output (DIO) pin interface voltages. This configuration allows the MTM-IO-Serial module to be used to interface to DUTs which use two different voltage planes. For example, many modern cell phones have application-processors running at one voltage and a radio or baseband processor running at a different voltage. MTM-IO-Serial module allows these types of complex devices to be tested without complicated and flaky level shifters in the test fixture control board. The serial UART lines can be disabled and put into a "Hi-Z" state to prevent back-powering or browning-out a device-under-test.

With four digital input/output pins connected to each adjustable rail, the MTM-IO-Serial module is the "central hub" for controlling and interfacing with DUTs in automated functional test (FCT) and in-circuit test (ICT). Each DIO grouping (DIO0-3, DIO4-7) can drive or sink up to 20mA per bank, but note that the total current sourcing is cumulative across each bank. For example, if only 1 digital output pin is used, the maximum current the line can source will be 20mA. Alternatively, when 2 digital pins are sourcing current, the total output across both pins may not exceed 20mA. The digital's voltage will drop during current limiting applications. There are also auxiliary 100mA current-limited voltage supplies from the two adjustable rails and a fixed 5.0V rail. These rails may be used to ensure the exact equality of



interface voltage planes or to even power low powered DUTs or additional test circuitry.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods affects device reliability.

Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Vsupply		6.0	-	14.0	V
Vsupply current		0.0	-	3200.0	mA
Operating Temperature	Non-condensing	0.0	25.0	70.0	°C
I2C SDA, SCL pins		0	3.3	5.5	V
Voltage to any IO pin		-	-	Vsupply	
Voltage to any USB pin		-	-	6.0	V

The MTM system is designed to be used in a system where Vsupply is the highest voltage connected to all MTM modules. Each module is designed to withstand Vsupply continuously connected to all IOs, excepting those specified above, including accidental reverse polarity connection between Vsupply and GND. As with all products, care should be taken to properly match interface voltage rails and use a well architected current-return path to ground for the targeted application.

Recommended Operating Ratings

The values presented apply over the full operating temperature, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.

Parameter	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Input Voltage (Vsupply)		6.0	-	12.0	V
Reset Voltage	Logic low asserts system reset	0.0	-	3.3	V
Current Draw		10	50	3200	mA
UART Tx/Rx Logic Level High		2.3	3.3	3.5	V
UART Tx/Rx Logic Level Low		0.0	-	0.9	V
Rail 0 Output Voltage	+/-2%	-	5.0	-	V
Rail 0 Switched Output Current	Current limited	100	150	200	mA
Rail 1 Output Voltage	Adjustable via software	1.8	-	5.0	V
Rail 1 Switch Output Current	Current limited	100	150	200	mA
Rail 2 Output Voltage	Adjustable via software	1.8	-	5.0	V
Rail 2 Switched Output Current	Current limited	100	150	200	mA
DIO current max drive	Rail voltage = 5.0V; shorted to GND	-	-	30	mA
DIO current max sink	DIO set low; connected to Vsupply	-	-	-30	mA
USB VBUS current supply limit		500.0	500.0	800.0	mA



Module Hardware and Software System Default Values

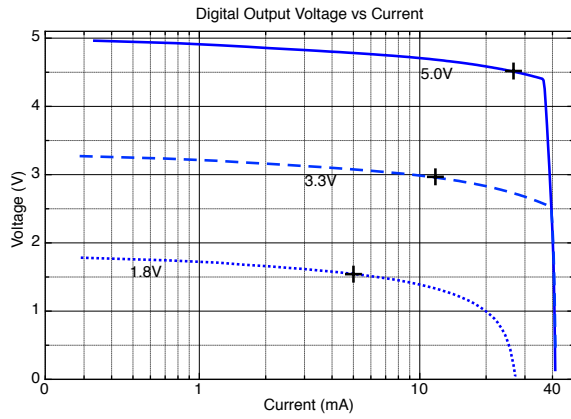
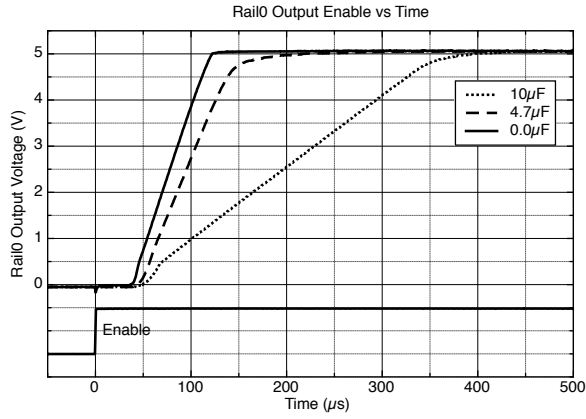
The MTM-IO-Serial module leverages a smaller subset of BrainStem entity implementations that are hardware specific.

Default Parameter	Value	Implementation Macro Name	Notes
Module Definitions:			
Module Base Address	8	aMTMIOSERIAL_MODULE_BASE_ADDRESS	See Page 9
UART Entity Quantity	4	aMUX_UART_NUM_CHANNELS	Passthrough to host
Entity Definitions:			
Digital Entity Quantity	8	aMTMIOSERIAL_NUM_DIGITALS	See Page 9
Rail Entity Quantity	3	aMTMIOSERIAL_NUM_RAILS	See Page 9
5.0V Rail (RAILO)	0	aMTMIOSERIAL_5VRAIL	
Adjustable Rail (RAIL1)	1	aMTMIOSERIAL_ADJRAIL1	
Adjustable Rail (RAIL2)	1	aMTMIOSERIAL_ADJRAIL2	
Minimum Rail Voltage	1800000	aMTMIOSERIAL_MIN_MICROVOLTAGE	
Maximum Rail Voltage	5000000	aMTMIOSERIAL_MAX_MICROVOLTAGE	
Mux Entity Quantity	2	aMTMIOSERIAL_NUM_MUX	See Page 10
USB Mux Quantity	9	aMUX_USB_NUM_CHANNELS	
Downstream Channels			See Page 10
USB CH0 Power	0	aMUX_USBA_POWER	Disabled by default
USB CH0 Data	1	aMUX_USBA_DATA	Disabled by default
USB CH1 Power	2	aMUX_USBB_POWER	Disabled by default
USB CH1 Data	3	aMUX_USBB_DATA	Disabled by default
USB CH2 Power	4	aMUX_USBC_POWER	Disabled by default
USB CH2 Data	5	aMUX_USBC_DATA	Disabled by default
USB CH3 Power	6	aMUX_USBD_POWER	Disabled by default
USB CH3 Data	7	aMUX_USBD_DATA	Disabled by default
Upstream Channel			See Page 10
USB Upstream	8	aMUX_USB_UPSTREAM	Enabled by default
Upstream Configuration Auto	0	aMUX_USB_UPSTREAM_CONFIG_AUTO	Default mode
Upstream Configuration Edge	1	aMUX_USB_UPSTREAM_CONFIG_EDGE	
Upstream Configuration Connector	2	aMUX_USB_UPSTREAM_CONFIG_ONBOARD	



Typical Performance Characteristics

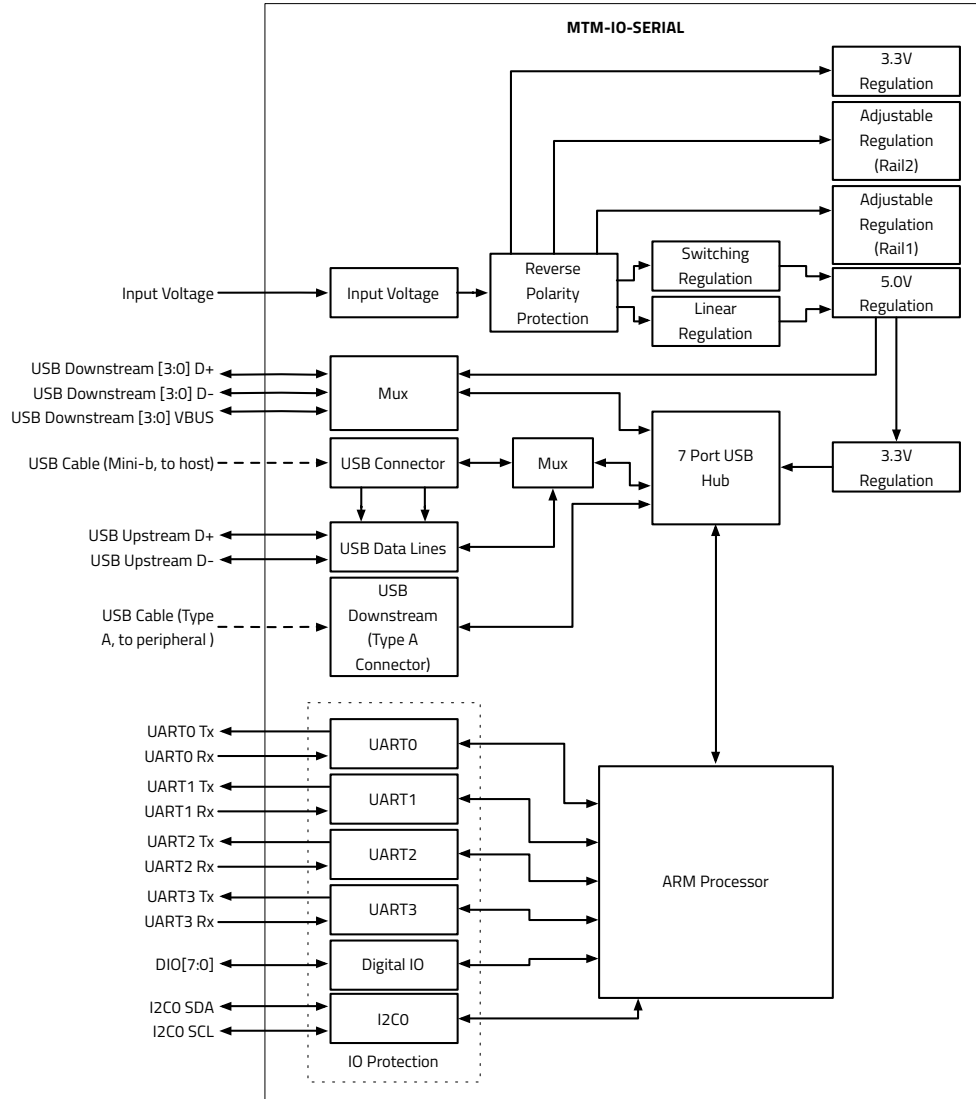
Representative of typical performance and conditions at 25°C, 6.0V input supply, unless otherwise noted.





Block Diagram

The MTM Software Controlled USB Hub is composed of a many different subsystems carefully linked together.





Pin Functionality

Edge connector pin designators may be omitted if no functionality is present.

Side A	Description	Notes	Side B	Description	Notes
A1	Ground		B1	Input Voltage	
A2	Ground		B2	Input Voltage	
A3	Ground		B3	Input Voltage	
A4	Ground		B4	Input Voltage	
A5	Reset	Pull to Ground to assert	B5	Input Voltage	
A6	Ground		B6	Reserved	Do not connect
A7	Ground		B7	Reserved	Do not connect
A8	I2C0 SDA (Brain- Stem bus)	Module includes a 330 kΩ pull-up resistor	B8	Ground	
A9	I2C0 SCL (Brain- Stem bus)	Module includes a 330 kΩ pull up resistor	B9	Ground	
A10	Ground		B10	UART0 Tx	
A11	Ground		B11	UART0 Rx	
A12	Module Offset 0	Pull to Ground to set	B12	Module Offset 2	Pull to Ground to set
A13	Module Offset 1	Pull to Ground to set	B13	Module Offset 3	Pull to Ground to set

Table 1: Pin Mappings common to all Link modules



Side A	Description	Notes	Side B	Description	Notes
A14	Reserved	Do not connect	B14	USB Upstream D+	Software controllable.
A15	UART2 Transmit	Rail2 Voltage	B15	USB Upstream D-	Software controllable.
A16	UART2 Receive	Rail2 Voltage	B16	UART1 Transmit	Rail1 Voltage
A17	UART3 Transmit	Rail2 Voltage	B17	UART1 Receive	Rail1 Voltage
A18	UART3 Receive	Rail2 Voltage	B18	Digital 0	Rail1 Voltage
A19			B19	Digital 1	Rail1 Voltage
A20			B20	Digital 2	Rail1 Voltage
A21			B21	Digital 3	Rail1 Voltage
A22			B22	Digital 4	Rail2 Voltage
A23			B23	Digital 5	Rail2 Voltage
A24			B24	Digital 6	Rail2 Voltage
A25			B25	Digital 7	Rail2 Voltage
A31	Switched Rail1 (Adjustable) output	Current limited to 150mA	B31	Switched Rail2 (Adjustable) output	Current limited to 150mA
A32			B32	Switched Rail0 (5.0V) output	Current limited to 150mA
A33	Ground		B33	USB2 Downstream VBUS	Software controllable. Default disabled.
A34	USB0 Downstream D+	Software controllable. See Operation section.	B34	USB2 Downstream D-	Software controllable. Default disabled.
A35	USB0 Downstream D-	Software controllable. See Operation section.	B35	USB2 Downstream D+	Software controllable. Default disabled.
A36	USB0 Downstream VBUS	Software controllable. See Operation section.	B36	Ground	
A37	Ground		B37	USB3 Downstream VBUS	Software controllable. Default disabled.
A38	USB1 Downstream D+	Software controllable. See Operation section.	B38	USB3 Downstream D-	Software controllable. Default disabled.
A39	USB1 Downstream D-	Software controllable. See Operation section.	B39	USB3 Downstream D+	Software controllable. Default disabled.
A40	USB1 Downstream VBUS	Software controllable. See Operation section.	B40	Ground	
A42			B42	USB Downstream D+	Always on downstream for daisy chaining.
A43			B43	USB Downstream D-	Always on downstream for daisy chaining.
A45	Vsupply		B45	Ground	
A46	Vsupply		B46	Ground	
A47	Vsupply		B47	Ground	
A48	Vsupply		B48	Ground	
A49	Vsupply		B49	Ground	

Table 2: Pin Mappings specific to MTM-IO-Serial module



Capabilities and Interfaces

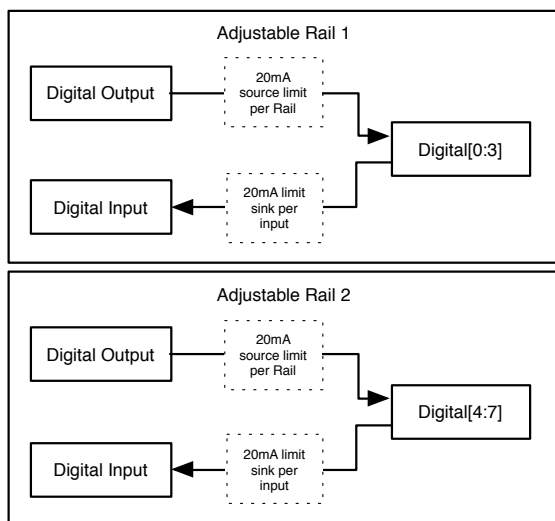
The MTM-IO-Serial module has a technological foundation built around BrainStem™ technology, yet not all features are available to the user. Each functional capacity that is available on the MTM-IO-Serial module is described in the following sections.

Module Default Address

All BrainStem modules come with a specific default network I²C base address for identification on the I²C bus. The default module base address is factory defaulted as the value 8, which is defined in the source file aMTMIOSerialDefs.h.

Digital Entities

Digital inputs and outputs are unique in the sense that each digital input/output are voltage adjustable via software and current limited. Each digital input has a current limiting circuit that will only allow 20mA of current to sink into the IO pin. When a digital line is configured as an output, the whole bank (0-3, 4-7) are limited in total to 20mA sourcing capability. Page 5 shows a plot expected output voltage for different voltage rail values as a function of current draw.



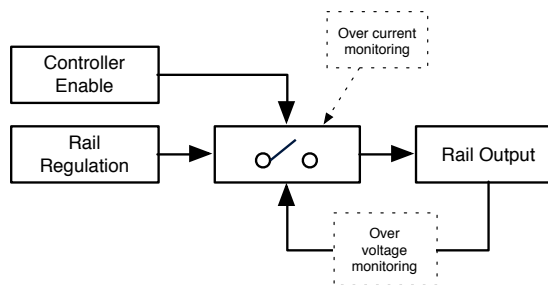
The supported digital operating modes and how they correspond to voltage rails is as shown in the digital operational modes table.

Digital	Input	Output	Voltage Rail	PWM Output
Digital 0	Yes	Yes	1	No
Digital 1	Yes	Yes	1	No
Digital 2	Yes	Yes	1	No
Digital 3	Yes	Yes	1	No
Digital 4	Yes	Yes	2	No
Digital 5	Yes	Yes	2	No
Digital 6	Yes	Yes	2	No
Digital 7	Yes	Yes	2	No

Table 3: Digital operational modes

Rail Entities

Rails allow other devices and peripherals to consume power from the MTM-IO-Serial module in a controlled fashion. Three (3) different rails are available for use in a variety of applications. A fixed 5.0V rail (RAIL0) and two (2) adjustable voltage rails (RAIL1, RAIL2) can be switched on or off through software control. Each rail is current limited to 150mA and an over current condition will disable the power. Once the over current condition is appropriately removed, the rail power can be turned back on through software by disabling then re-enabling the rail.



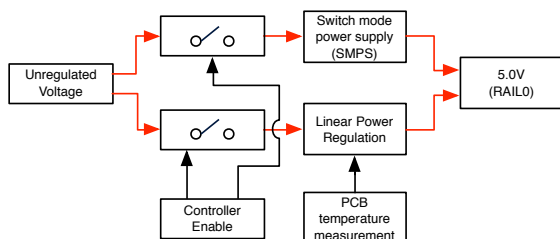
Over voltage conditions occur when a voltage above what the rail is set to will also disable the rail's output. After the over voltage condition is safely removed, the voltage rail will resume desired operation without any software intervention.

The 5.0V fixed regulation stage is unique since it can be configured to operate in either a switch mode power supply or in a linear regulation mode. For applications such as RF system testing one might want to only operate in linear regulation mode to eliminate any potential EMI sources. Operating in linear mode one must be aware of power dissipation through the linear regulation stage. The higher the input voltage one will need to expect a higher power dissipation. When



linear mode is desired and high current operation is desired it is recommended to run the input voltage close to the MTM-IO-Serial module's minimum input voltage. Switch mode power supply operation will allow a broader range of input voltages while maintaining high current demand limits. Default behavior is to auto-switch to switch mode power supply if an input voltage greater than 7.25V is applied.

A simplified block diagram for the 5.0V regulation stage shows the two different power paths.



Printed circuit board (PCB) temperature can be monitored at the 5.0 (RAIL0) linear regulation stage. Reading of this value is possible through the API. It is also used internally to prevent the power regulation stage from over heating and self preserving the power stage. If an over temperature condition occurs, then the MTM-IO-Serial module will disable the linear regulator until safe operating temperatures are reached.

Mux Entities

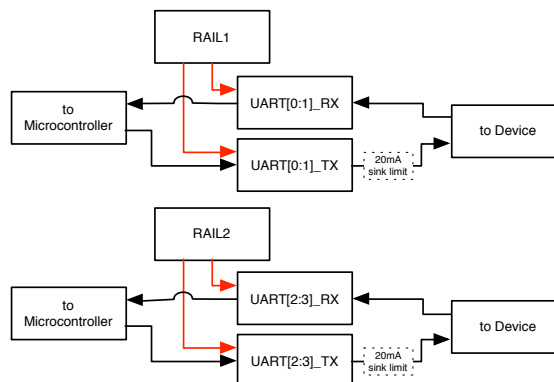
Mux entities provide a mechanism to enable and disable UART data lines as well as USB connections. Mux entities for the MTM Software Controlled USB Hub can simulate cable disconnect events.

UART Mux Channels

All of the UART that are passed down from the MTM-IO-Serial module can be turned off through software control. If a voltage is applied that is higher than the current RAIL voltage setpoint each UART transmit line is current limited to 20mA sinking. Therefore only a small amount of current will flow into the device preventing any damage to the MTM Software Controlled USB Hub's hardware.

UARTs are grouped in two with a corresponding voltage rail. UART0 and UART1 share RAIL1's voltage

reference. UART2 and UART3 share RAIL2's voltage reference.



When a UART is disabled by means of the cmdMUX all exposed UART data lines will be discharged by being pulled to Ground through a 10kΩ resistor.

USB Upstream Mux Channel

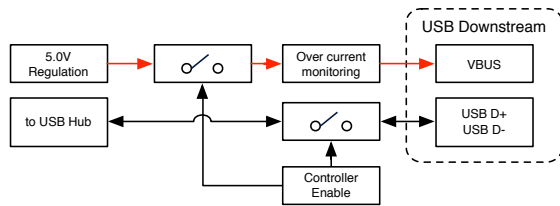
Two different USB Upstream connections are available for use on the MTM-IO-Serial module - the physical mini-b USB connector on the board and through the edge connector. The default operational mode is to have the USB Upstream (to a host computer) be enable and auto detect which USB port to use. Automatic detection is performed by the presence of a VBUS connection coming through the mini-b USB connector. Otherwise, the connection to through the edge connector will be the default input.

USB upstream datelines D+ and D- to the host can be set to a high-Z state through software control. Caution should be taken with this capacity as it can prevent any host level communication without being re-enabled either by a Reflex routine or a reset event.

USB Downstream Mux Channel

Both data lines and power (VBUS) can be manipulated independently to each downstream USB port.

If an over current condition is detected in hardware on a downstream VBUS line then the software enable control will get disabled automatically. Once the over current condition is removed, then one can safely enable



the VBUS line. If the over current condition still exists, the VBUS will get disabled.

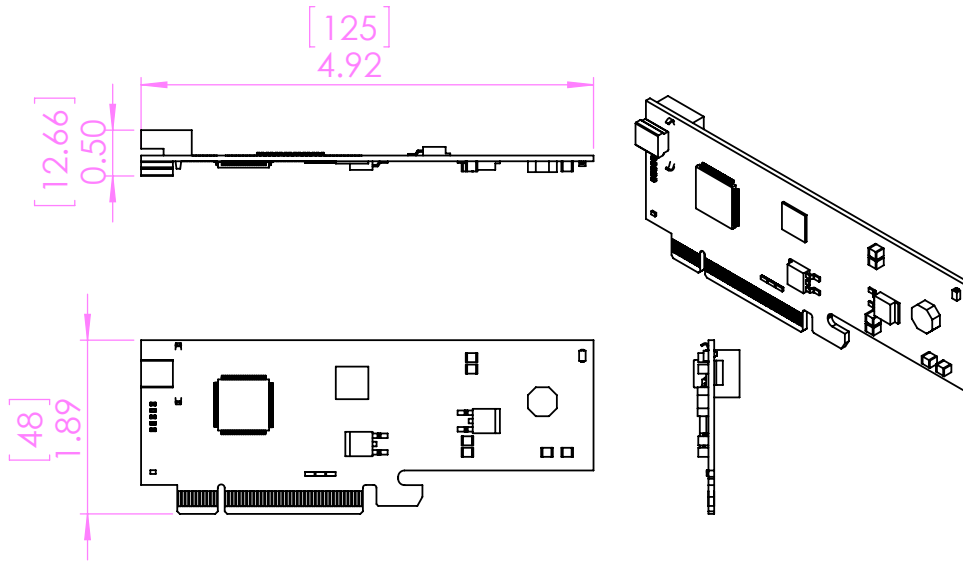
Additional Downstream USB Ports

Also included onboard the MTM-IO-Serial module is a “always on” downstream USB port through a Type A USB connector. This port cannot be controlled through software and is current limited to 500mA by the hub.

Included on the edge connector is another “always on” downstream USB port connection. Connection to this will require proper trace impedance matching at 90Ω differential. Trace width and spacing will depend on one’s printed circuit board design.



Mechanical





Document Revision History

All major documentation changes will be marked with a dated revision code.

Revision	Date	Engineer	Description
1.0	July 7, 2014	MJK	Initial revision
1.1	February 26, 2015	MJK	Added information about class entities, module specifics